

## JIIA-Stanford Symposium: The Past, Present, and Future International Order in East Asia Bechtel Conference Center, Encina Hall, Stanford University

Friday 10 May 2019



Interstate relations in East Asia are at a critical juncture. The post-World War II regional order, shaped by the San Francisco Treaty of 1951, is under stress. It is unclear if this system will be maintained, and if not, what will replace it. The lineage of the San Francisco System itself reaches back to the post-World War I Versailles-Washington System. An examination of the success and shortcomings of each of these systems can offer insights on the rise and fall of international systems in an Asian context.

In this symposium co-hosted by the Japan Institute for International Affairs (JIIA) and Walter H. Shorenstein Asia Pacific Research Center (APARC) of the Freeman Spogli Institute of International Studies (FSI) at Stanford University, we explored the circumstances that shaped the establishment and evolution of the East Asian political, economic, and security architectures from post-WWI to present; discussed the forces that built and undermined the past and existing architecture; and debated possible regional futures.

Panel 1: Comparing "the Versailles-Washington System" and "San Francisco System": Lessons from the Rise and Fall of International Orders in East Asia

During this session, panelists identified the factors that led to the establishment of "the Versailles-Washington System" and "San Francisco System", their characteristics, their sources of stability and instability, and relevant lessons for policymakers today.

#### Panel 2: Japanese, U.S. and Chinese Interests and Security Strategies

During this session, panelists discussed the national security objectives of Japan, US, and PRC, and these three states' respective strategies for achieving these objectives. Panelists also addressed how bilateral and trilateral relations among these three states impact peace and stability in East Asia.

#### Panel 3: Alternative Future East Asia Systems

During this session, panelists discussed possible alternative future "East Asia Systems" focusing on how interrelationships between Japan, US, and PRC might influence the establishment and stability of different models. Participants also refered to the lessons of "the Versailles-Washington System" and "San Francisco System" if relevant.

#### <Program>

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Shorenstein Asia Pacific Research Center (APARC), Stanford University

&

Japan Institute of International Affairs (JIIA)

Friday, May 10, 2019

#### 9:15 am-9:30 am - Welcome Remarks

Gi-Wook Shin, Director, APARC, Stanford University

Kenichiro Sasae, President, JIIA

Takeo Hoshi, Director, Japan Program, APARC, Stanford University

9:45 am-11:30 am - Panel 1: Comparing "the Versailles-Washington System" and "San Francisco System": Lessons from the Rise and Fall of International Orders in East Asia

Chair: Daniel Sneider, FSI, Stanford University



Panelists:	Shin Kawashima, University of Tokyo
	Masaya Inoue, Seikei University
	Lin Hsiao-ting, Hoover Institution, Stanford University
	David Kennedy, FSI, Stanford University
Rapporteur:	Thomas Wilkins, Senior Visiting Fellow, JIIA

# 1:15 pm-3:00 pm - Panel 2: Japanese, U.S. and Chinese Interests and Security Strategies

<u>Chair</u> :	Kenichiro Sasae, President, JIIA
Panelists:	Ken Jimbo, Keio University
	Tetsuo Kotani, JIIA
	Mike Lampton, APARC, Stanford University
	Jim Schoff, CEIP
Rapporteur:	Jonathan Berkshire Miller, Senior Visiting Fellow, JIIA

#### 3:30pm-5:15pm - Panel 3: Alternative Future East Asia Systems

<u>Chair</u> :	Phillip Lipscy, APARC, Stanford University
Panelists:	Jim Fearon, FSI, Stanford University
	Ryo Sahashi, University of Tokyo
	Kenichiro Sasae, President, JIIA
	Tom Christensen, Columbia University
Rapporteur:	Thomas Wilkins, Senior Visiting Fellow, JIIA

#### 5:15 pm-5:35 pm - Rapporteurs' review of symposium discussions

#### 5:35 pm-5:45 pm - Closing Remarks

Karl Eikenberry, US-Asia Security Initiative, APARC, Stanford University Kenichiro Sasae, JIIA